

対称式、交代式の因数分解

1. 次の式を因数分解せよ。

(1) $a + ab + b + 1$

(2) $abc - ab - bc - ca + a + b + c - 1$

(3) $a^2b + ab^2 + b^2c + bc^2 + c^2a + ca^2 + 2abc$

(4) $a^2(b + c) + b^2(c + a) + c^2(a + b) + 3abc$

2. 次の式を因数分解せよ。

(1) $a - ab - b + 1$

(2) $a^2(b - c) + b^2(c - a) + c^2(a - b)$

(3) $a^3(b - c) + b^3(c - a) + c^3(a - b)$

3. 次の式を因数分解せよ。

(1) $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$ ($a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)^3 - 3ab(a + b)$ であることを用いて良い。)

(2) $a^3 - 3ab + b^3 + 1$

(3) $a^3 + 2b^2 - 3ab^2$

1.

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \quad & ab + a + b + 1 \\ &= (b+1)a + (b+1) \\ &= (a+1)(b+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad & abc - ab - bc - ca + a + b + c - 1 \\ &= abc - ab - ca + a - bc + b + c - 1 \\ &= (bc - b - c + 1)a - (bc - b - c + 1) \\ &= (a-1)(bc - b - c + 1) \\ &= (a-1)\{b(c-1) - (c-1)\} \\ &= (a-1)(b-1)(c-1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad & a^2b + ab^2 + b^2c + bc^2 + c^2a + ca^2 + 2abc \\ &= a^2b + ca^2 + ab^2 + 2abc + c^2a + b^2c + bc^2 \\ &= (b+c)a^2 + (b^2 + 2bc + c^2)a + b^2c + bc^2 \\ &= (b+c)a^2 + (b+c)^2a + bc(b+c) \\ &= (b+c)\{a^2 + (b+c)a + bc\} \\ &= (b+c)(a+b)(a+c) \\ &= (a+b)(b+c)(c+a) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4) \quad & a^2(b+c) + b^2(c+a) + c^2(a+b) + 3abc \\ &= (b+c)a^2 + b^2c + b^2a + c^2a + bc^2 + 3abc \\ &= (b+c)a^2 + (b^2 + c^2 + 3bc)a + bc(b+c) \\ &= \{a + (b+c)\}\{(b+c)a + bc\} \\ &= (a+b+c)(ab+bc+ca) \end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \quad & a - ab - b + 1 \\ &= (1-b)a + (1-b) \\ &= (a-1)(1-b) \\ &= -(a-1)(b-1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad & a^2(b-c) + b^2(c-a) + c^2(a-b) \\ &= (b-c)a^2 + b^2c - b^2a + c^2a - bc^2 \\ &= (b-c)a^2 - (b^2 - c^2)a + b^2c - bc^2 \\ &= (b-c)a^2 - (b+c)(b-c)a + bc(b-c) \\ &= (b-c)\{a^2 - (b+c)a + bc\} \\ &= (b-c)(a-b)(a-c) \\ &= -(a-b)(b-c)(c-a) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad & a^3(b-c) + b^3(c-a) + c^3(a-b) \\ &= (b-c)a^3 + b^3c - b^3a + c^3a - bc^3 \\ &= (b-c)a^3 - (b^3 - c^3)a + bc(b^2 - c^2) \\ &= (b-c)a^3 - (b-c)(b^2 + bc + c^2)a + bc(b+c)(b-c) \\ &= (b-c)\{a^3 - (b^2 + bc + c^2)a + bc(b-c)\} \\ &= (b-c)\{(c-a)b^2 - c(c-a)b - a(c+a)(c-a)\} \\ &= (b-c)(c-a)\{b^2 - bc - a(c+a)\} \\ &= (b-c)(c-a)(b-a)(b+c+a) \\ &= -(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)(a+b+c) \end{aligned}$$

3.

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \quad & a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc \\ &= (a^3 + b^3) + c^3 - 3abc \\ &= (a + b)^3 - 3ab(a + b) + c^3 - 3abc \\ &= (a + b)^3 + c^3 - 3ab(a + b + c) \\ &= \{(a + b) + c\} \{(a + b)^2 - (a + b)c + c^2\} - 3ab(a + b + c) \\ &= (a + b + c)(a^2 + 2ab + b^2 - ac - bc + c^2 - 3ab) \\ &= (a + b + c)(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ca)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(2) \quad & a^3 - 3ab + b^3 + 1 \\ &= a^3 + b^3 + 1^3 - 3ab \cdot 1 \\ &= (a + b + 1)(a^2 + b^2 + 1^2 - ab - b \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot a) \\ &= (a + b + 1)(a^2 + b^2 - ab - b - a + 1)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(3) \quad & a^3 + 2b^3 - 3ab^2 \\ &= a^3 + b^3 + b^3 - 3ab \cdot b \\ &= (a + b + b)(a^2 + b^2 + b^2 - ab - b \cdot b - ba) \\ &= (a + 2b)(a^2 + b^2 - 2ab) \\ &= (a + 2b)(a - b)^2\end{aligned}$$